

(i) the person battered the person's spouse or another person with whom the person resides;

(ii) there is evidence of physical injury; and

(iii) unless the person is arrested immediately, the person:

1. may not be apprehended;

2. may cause physical injury or property damage to another;

or

3. may tamper with, dispose of, or destroy evidence; and

(2) a report to the police was made within 48 hours of the alleged incident.

(b) If the police officer has probable cause to believe that mutual battery occurred and arrest is necessary under subsection (a) of this section, the police officer shall consider whether one of the persons acted in self-defense when determining whether to arrest the person whom the police officer believes to be the primary aggressor.

2-205.

A police officer without a warrant may arrest a person if:

(1) the police officer has probable cause to believe the person has engaged in stalking under Article 27, § 124 of the Code;

(2) there is credible evidence other than the statements of the alleged stalking victim to support the probable cause under item (1) of this section; and

(3) the police officer has reason to believe that the alleged stalking victim or another person is in danger of imminent bodily harm or death.

2-206.

(a) This section applies during a public crisis, disaster, rioting, catastrophe, or similar public emergency, as these terms are defined in Article 41, § 2-101(b)(1) of the Code, and when public safety is imperiled, or on reasonable apprehension of immediate danger of public safety being imperiled.

(b) During a time described in subsection (a) of this section, the authority to make an arrest without a warrant granted to police officers under this title is granted to a person who:

(1) is serving under a proclamation of a state of emergency issued by the Governor, as provided in Article 41, § 2-101(c) of the Code, as:

(i) a member of a law enforcement unit that is listed in § 2-101(c) of this title; or

(ii) a member of the militia called into action by the Governor, as provided in Article 41, § 2-101(e) of the Code;